

# **RADS JOURNAL OF PHARMACY AND PHARMACEUTICAL SCIENCES**

## **Journal Summary**

RADS Journal of Pharmacy and Pharmaceutical Sciences (RADS JPPS) is a quarterly open-access, peer-reviewed Journal encourages you to submit and publish original Research Articles, Review Articles, and Mini-Reviews, Short Communications, Letters and Case Reports in the field of Pharmaceutical, Health Sciences and the related fields for scientific publications. The RADS JPPS Journal's central objective is to provide a venue or platform for researchers to share their latest results on a wide range of scientific topics with novel findings and modernize methodology pertinent to Pharmacy, Pharmaceutical Sciences, Phyto-Pharmaceutical Sciences, Health and Bio-medical Sciences.

## **Aims and Objective**

RADS Journal of Pharmacy and Pharmaceutical Sciences aims to provide a platform for the innovated Researchers and Scholars in the field of Pharmacy, Pharmaceutical Sciences, Phyto-Pharmaceutical Sciences, Medicinal Chemistry, Health and Bio-medical Sciences. RADS JPPS launched as an open access journal in 2013 and published issues bi-annually. Since 2017, the journal has been switched and progressed to publishing quarterly issues after receiving an overwhelming number of submissions.

RADS JPPS's core philosophy and the influential motive is to publish the high quality standard Original Research Articles, Review Articles, Mini-Reviews, Short Communications, Letters and Case Study Reports covering all the research domains of Pharmaceutical and Medicinal sciences including Pharmaceutics, Pharmacology, Pharmaceutical Chemistry, Medicinal Chemistry, Pharmacognosy, Pharmacokinetics, Pharmaceutical Technology, Pharmaceutical Practice and Clinical Pharmacy with prime focuses on research and development which may have a significant role and contributions to scientific domain and

health community aids.

Despite of these, it is interdisciplinary journal which aim to obtain and gather versatile approaches for a distinct and intellectual readership encompassing all over the world in the field of Pharmaceutical and the related Sciences. Authors may also publish signified original research which may contribute to scientific knowledge in Pharmacy and Pharmaceutical sciences in the field of Bioinformatics, Biotechnology, Computational Chemistry and Biology, Molecular Drug Design, Pharmaceutical Analysis and Toxicology of Pharmaceutical Interest.

Manuscripts submitted with the multiple authors would be examine and reviewed that all listed contributors concur with the submission agreement. It is not recommended that any form of article type be submitted and published elsewhere before submitting it to the RADS JPPS. During submission process for publications Authors should focus on the Journal's scope, relevance, significance and novelty of their research findings or any modernized research methodology used in the research should be stated in a covering letter.

## **Description**

### **For Readers**

We invite readers to join and sign up for the peer - reviewed journal RADS JPPS's publishing alert notification service. Follow the [Register](#) link reside at the top of the home page of RADS JPPS. Registered user may have received the update regarding each issue *via* E-mail. The piece of information regarding volume and issues of RADS JPPS also access the journal to claim a certain level of support or readership. Follow the journal's [Privacy Statement](#), which assure and guarantees that the researchers' names and email addresses will not be publicly released for any purpose the researchers that their name and email address will not be displayed by means of any purpose.

## **For Authors**

RADS JPPS welcomes the author's interest for submitting a paper for the prestigious publication to the esteemed journal. Prior to submission, kindly follow the manuscript submission preparation checklist existing in the Panel [About the Journal](#) followed by [Submission](#) under Preparation Checklist. To ensure the RADS JPPS format, the author must adhere to the Author [Author Guidelines](#). Pre-submission criteria to login as an Author, you must first register [register](#); if you are already registered, simply you can just [log in](#), initiate and follow the step-by-step submission process.

## **For Librarians**

RADS JPPS assured librarians that this journal will be included to their library's electronic journal collection. It's also worth mentioning that this journal's open source publication system is acceptable for libraries to host and utilize with journal that their faculty groups are actively in editing (see [Open Journal Systems](#)).

We're dedicated to providing the tools and services librarians need to improve their libraries and get the most out of their RADS JPPS. Our goal is to collaborate with you to ensure that you have access to the most useful and relevant material and tools to help your scholars, researchers, students, instructors, and professionals promote discovery on a regular basis.

## **Ready to Submit**

Make sure you've completed the manuscript submission checklist below to offer your manuscript the best chance of being published. If required, please review the submission criteria once more if necessary.

## **Submission Preparation Checklist**

- ✓ When you submit a paper to RADS JPPS, we'll assume it hasn't been published or submitted anywhere else. If you have previously published or submitted comparable or related material, you must provide a copy of it with your manuscript submission. (or an explanation has been provided in Comments to the Editor).
- ✓ The institute's ethical approval should be included.
- ✓ The document file type for the submission is OpenOffice, Microsoft Word, or RTF.
- ✓ The URLs for the references have been supplied when they are available.
- ✓ The text is single-spaced; uses a 12-point font; employs italics, rather than underlining (except with URL addresses); and all illustrations, figures, and tables are placed within the text at the appropriate points
- ✓ All illustrations, figures, and tables are placed within the text at the appropriate points; the text is single-spaced; the font is 12-point; italics may be used instead of underlining (except for URL addresses).
- ✓ The work complies with the Author Guidelines' stylistic and bibliographic standards.
- ✓ All authors dully filled out the undertaking form completely, with all parts completed and detailed author contributions mentioned.
- ✓ Once you've finished the checklist, you're ready to submit your manuscript. Please click the button below to continue.

## **Copyright**

Submitting a manuscript to a journal implies that the work has not previously been published in any other journal, printed or online (save as an abstract or an academic thesis), and that it is not currently being considered for publication elsewhere.

## **Waiver Policy**

Manuscript submission and publishing are both free of charge. There are no article processing or submission fees.

## **Plagiarism Policy**

Manuscripts should be reviewed for plagiarism before submission, and no more than 19% of the content should be plagiarized. The editorial board also examines papers for plagiarism, and if more than 19% is detected, the authors are contacted and requested to change the manuscript's content.

## **Peer-Review Process**

All articles submitted for publication are subjected to double-blind peer review by, generally three, neutral distinguished scholars; one is an editorial board member and the other two are external reviewers. Throughout the review process, both the reviewer and author identities are shielded from the reviewers, and vice versa. This assures that the reviewers' assessments of the article are free of bias. The evaluation procedure might take up to 45 days. Decisions will be made as soon as feasible, and reviewer(s) comments will be forwarded to the author for revision.

After reviewing the opinions of the external evaluators, the Editor-in-Chief may suggest the acceptance or rejection of a manuscript, or he/she may seek assistance and advice from additional experts in the area, if necessary. Following review of the article by at least two independent experts, as well as the Editor's assessment, a decision is conveyed to the authors, could be: Accept without modifications, (ii) Revisions recommended, or (iii) Reject.

## **Covering Letter**

The manuscript should be accompanied by a Covering letter signed by corresponding and co-authors.

## **Author's Undertaking**

The manuscript should be accompanied by a undertaking form filled with all authors

with detailed author contributions mentioned.

## **Author Guidelines**

**RADS Journal of Pharmacy and Pharmaceutical Sciences** publishes original research that enhances scientific knowledge in the field of Pharmaceutical Sciences. The journal's objective is to publish innovative, updated, and high-quality research, integrating conceptual, empirical and research articles.

**RADS Journal of Pharmacy and Pharmaceutical Sciences** publishes original research in various formats including: Guests Editorials on the highlighted issue of current interest, Original Article, Review Article, Mini-review, Short communication, Letter to the Editor and Registered Case Study or Report. For Registered Reports, see section [below](#). In most cases, we do not impose strict limits on word count or page number. However, we strongly recommend that you write concisely and stick to the following article type format guidelines:

### **Format for Original Article**

#### **Title Page:**

The title should be no more than 20 words.

Full name of the all Co-authors, Designation with Department, Affiliated Institution, Complete Postal address, & Email address.

For Correspondence Author make sure that e-mail address and the complete postal address along with his/her telephone number (with country and area code) must also be mentioned.

**Abstract:** It should be no more than 200 words. Please do not include any references in your Abstract. Make sure it serves both as a general introduction to the topic and as a brief, non-technical summary comprising of objective, methodology, main results and their implications. It should be in structured format with the following subheadings: 1. Background 2. Objective. 3. Methodology. 4 Results. 5. Conclusion. 6. Key words

**Keywords:** Maximum 05 keywords are allowed below the Abstract Section.

**Main Article:** The main text should be no more than 3,000 words (not including Abstract, References, Tables and Figures Captions and Legends).

The main Article comprised of

- **Title**
- **Title Page**
- **Keywords**

- **Text Organization**
- **Conclusion**
- **List of Abbreviations (if any)**
- **Consent for Publication**
- **Availability of Data and Materials**
- **Funding**
- **Conflict of Interest**
- **Acknowledgements**
- **References** (See References for style and format)
- **Appendices**
- **Figures/Illustrations (if any)**
- **Chemical Structures (if any)**
- **Tables (if any)**
- **Supportive/Supplementary Material (if any)**

#### **CONFLICT OF INTEREST/ DISCLOSURE**

All authors should declare any conflict of interest. Any grants or honorarium, credits and promotions, memberships or any personal or professional relationships which may appear to influence the manuscript should be declared. Such competing interests are not unethical but should be declared. Nonmonetary disclosures regarding being part of a thesis or dissertation, a pilot project or an ongoing study should be made explicitly at the time of submission.

#### **FUNDING**

Any organization/company or institution who has financially contributed to the study must be acknowledged.

Nonmonetary disclosures regarding being part of a thesis or dissertation, a pilot project or an ongoing study should be made explicitly at the time of submission.

#### **CONSENT**

If applicable authors must state that the consent of the patient/guardian was taken prior to the writing of the manuscript.

### **Format for Review Article**

The main text should be no more than 4,500 words (not including Abstract, References, Tables and Figures Captions and Legends)

**Abstract:**

It should contain approximately 200 to 300 words. It includes a summary of the review question, the primary study reviewed and conclusions of the study & Keywords (Minimum of 6). Note that you should not cite references in the abstract

**Main Article:**

**Introduction:** Write the topic of the study, which serves as the identification sentence. It should indicate what the article contains. Clearly outline the order in which every sub-topic will be discussed to give the reader background information needed to understand the sections in the article.

**Body:** This includes the subtopics that you are addressing and discussion.

**Conclusion:** It should briefly state your rationale for your review and the purpose of the article.

**References:** Use a standardized reference system. Use Vancouver style. (Maximum of 50-60) see the [Reference Style](#).

## **Format for Mini-Review/ Short Communication**

The main text should be no more than 2,000 words (not including Abstract, References, Tables and Figures Captions and Legends)

**Abstract:**

It should contain approximately 200 to 300 words. It includes a summary of the review question, the primary study reviewed and conclusions of the study & Keywords (Minimum of 6). Note that you should not cite references in the abstract

**Main Article:**

**Introduction:** Write the topic of the study, which serves as the identification sentence. It should indicate what the article contains. Clearly outline the order in which every sub-topic will be discussed to give the reader background information needed to understand the sections in the article.

**Body:** This includes the subtopics that you are addressing and discussion.

**Conclusion:** It should briefly state your rationale for your review and the purpose of the article.

**References:** Use a standardized reference system. Use Vancouver style. (Maximum of 50-60) see the [Reference Style](#).

## **Format for Case Report**

The main text should be no more than 4,500 words.

It is expected that submitted Case Reports will include a detailed analysis of the case and a review of the available literature. Only those case reports which are truly original and are likely to significantly influence medical practice are considered for publication. Others may be considered for publication in an abbreviated form as a letter to the editor.

**Abstract:** A brief abstract about case & keywords

**Introduction:** Introduction about subject

**Case Report:** Case report explained in detail

**Results & Discussion:** Scientifically discuss the results achieved from the case

**Conclusion:** It should briefly state the achieved conclusion for your case report.

**References:** Use a standardized reference system. Use Vancouver style. (Minimum 10 to Maximum 15)

## **Format for Letter to Editor**

The main text should be no more than 1000 words.

Letters written to the editor or the author should contain objective, and constructive interpretations or discussions on medical, scientific or general areas of interest.

They should have an objective, and give a message with a brief and clear language.

**References:** Use a standardized reference system. Use Vancouver style. (Minimum 05 to Maximum 10)

## **Preparation of Figures and Tables**

Figures and tables (display items) are frequently the most efficient method to communicate enormous quantities of complex information that would be difficult to describe in language.

Many viewers will merely look at your display elements without reading your manuscript's core material. As a consequence, make sure your display elements can stand alone from the text and properly explain your most important outcomes.

**Tables** are a quick and easy method to convey big quantities of information. You should carefully develop them so that you can effectively convey your findings to busy researchers.

The following is an example of a well-designed table:

- **Clear and concise legend/caption**
- **Data divided into categories for clarity**
- **Sufficient spacing between columns and rows**
- **Units are provided**
- **Font type and size are legible**

**Figures** are ideal for presenting:

- ✓ **Images**
- ✓ **Data plots**
- ✓ **Maps**
- ✓ **Schematics**

Only black & white photographs can be submitted because the layout of the journal supports only black and white color. Just like tables all figures need to have a clear and concise legend caption to accompany them.

### **Images**

Images assist readers in visualizing the information you are attempting to convey. It is sometimes difficult to be appropriately detailed with words. Images can aid in the precision required for a scientific publication. For example, just stating, "The surface contained nanometer size characteristics," may not suffice. It would be good in this scenario to give a microscope image. For images, be sure to:

- ✓ Include scale bars
- ✓ Consider labeling important items
- ✓ Indicate the meaning of different colors and symbols used

### **Data plots**

Data plots quickly express enormous amounts of information. Typically, the purpose is to demonstrate a functional or statistical link between two or more objects. However, details regarding individual data points are frequently ignored in order to emphasize the link demonstrated by the collection of points. Here, we have examples of figures combining images and plots in multiple panels. For data plots, be sure to:

- ✓ Label all axes
- ✓ Specify units for quantities
- ✓ Label all curves and data sets
- ✓ Use a legible font size

### **Drug Name**

Generic names should be used. When proprietary brands are used in research, include the brand name and the name of the manufacturer in parentheses after first mentioning of the generic name in the Methods section.

## **Instruction for References Formats**

In Vancouver style, all references should be numbered consecutively [throughout square brackets] in the text and listed in the reference section in the same numerical sequence.

### ***Reference Lists***

Different reference formats have different rules for citation. See below for some common format examples.

### ***Journal Article***

The required information for a journal article is author, abbreviated journal title, year, publication, volume number, and initial page of cited article, though complete pagination is possible. It is necessary to list all authors if the total number of author is six or less and for more than six authors use three authors and then et al (the term "*et al.*" should be in italics). Journal abbreviations should follow the Index Medicus/MEDLINE. Capitalize the first letter of the first word in the title. The rest of the title is in lower-case, with the exception of proper names.

[1] Al-Habian A, Harikumar PE, Stocker CJ, Langlands K, Selway JL. Histochemical and immunohistochemical evaluation of mouse skin histology: comparison of fixation with neutral buffered formalin and alcoholic formalin. *J Histotechnol.* 2014 Dec;37(4):115-24.

[2] Guilbert TW, Morgan WJ, Zeiger RS, Mauger DT, Boehmer SJ, Szeffler SJ, et al. Long-term inhaled corticosteroids in preschool children at high risk for asthma. *N Engl J Med.* 2006 May 11;354(19):1985-1997.

### ***Edited Book***

[3] Blaxter PS, Farnsworth TP. Social health and class inequalities. In: Carter C, Peel JR, Eds. *Equalities and inequalities in health.* 2nd ed. London: Academic Press 1976; pp. 165-78.

### ***Chapter in a Book***

[4] Phillips SJ, Whisnant JP. Hypertension and stroke. In: Laragh JH, Brenner BM, Eds. *Hypertension: pathophysiology, diagnosis, and management.* 2nd ed. New York: Raven Press 1995; pp. 465-78.

### ***Patent***

[5] Larsen CE, Trip R, Johnson CR. Methods for procedures related to the electrophysiology of the heart. US Patent 5529067, 1995.

### *Conference Proceedings*

[6] Kimura J, Shibasaki H, Eds. Recent advances in clinical neurophysiology. Proceedings of the 10th International Congress of EMG and Clinical Neurophysiology; 1995 Oct 15-19; Kyoto, Japan. Amsterdam: Elsevier 1996.

### *Thesis and Dissertation*

[7] Borkowski MM. Infant sleep and feeding: a telephone survey of Hispanic Americans. PhD dissertation. Mount Pleasant (MI): Central Michigan University 2002.

### *URL(WebPage)*

[8] Aylin P, Bottle A, Jarman B, Elliott, P. Paediatric cardiac surgical mortality in England after Bristol: descriptive analysis of hospital episode statistics 1991-2002. BMJ [serial on the Internet]. 2004 Oct 9; [cited: 15 October 2004]; 329: [about 10 screens]. Available from: [sis.nlm.nih.gov/Tox/ToxMain.html](http://sis.nlm.nih.gov/Tox/ToxMain.html)

### *Electronic Material*

#### *Journal Article in Electronic Format*

[9] Frangioni G, Bianchi S, Fuzzi G, Borgioli G. Dynamics of hepatic melanogenesis in newts in recovery phase from hypoxia. Open Zoo J 2009; 2: 1-7. Available from: [www.benthamscience.com/open/tozj/openaccess2.htm](http://www.benthamscience.com/open/tozj/openaccess2.htm) [cited: 26<sup>th</sup> Jan 2009]

[10] Abood S. Quality improvement initiative in nursing homes: the ANA acts in an advisory role. Am J Nurs [serial on the Internet]. June 2002 [cited: 12<sup>th</sup> Aug 2002]; 102(6): [about 3 p.]. Available from: [www.nursingworld.org/AJN/2002/june/Wawatch.htm](http://www.nursingworld.org/AJN/2002/june/Wawatch.htm)